

Population (thousands 1990)	3,622
Pop. Growth Rate (1979-1989)	2.5%
Infant Mortality Rate (1989) (a)	54.7

I. ECONOMIC INDICATORS: (Percent Change)

	(10100110 011011g0)	1988	1989	1990	1991 (b) January-September
a.	National Income				
	Produced (c)	4.3	3.2	0.5	N/A
b.	Industrial Output	4.3	3.3	2.6	6 (đ)
C.	Agricultural Output (e)	8.0	0	4.0	N/A
d.	Cooperative Sales	748.0	732.0	71.0	N/A

II. MACROECONOMIC INDICATORS: (Percent of former USSR)

a.	GNP (1989)	0.7
b.	National Income Produced (1989)	0.7
c.	Cooperative Sales (1990)	0.5
	Employment (1989)	0.9
	Capital Stock (1988)	0.9
f.	Capital/Labor Ratio (1988) (f)	15.5

III. SOCIOECONOMIC INDICATORS (1989):

a. Consumption Per Capita (rubles)	1,156.4
b. Savings Per Capita (rubles)	1,682.0
c. Urban Living Space Per Capita (sq m)	7.5
d. Rural Living Space Per Capita (sq m)	8.9
e. Urban Share of Population (%)	45.0
f. Specialist Share of Labor Force (%) (g)	22.8

Notes:

- (a) Infants dying in first year per 1,000 live births.
- (b) As compared with January-September 1990.
- (c) National income produced reflects value added by primary inputs, such as labor and capital, used in the production of material goods and services; it excludes depreciation and services that do not contribute directly to material output.
- (d) January-July 1991, as compared with January-July 1990.
- (e) Total output, including material inputs used in production. Thousand rubles per worker. Specialists with higher education and technical training as share of all workers.

Source: U.S. Central Intelligence Agency

